













## St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.  
JOSEPH FULTON, President.

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**TERMS OF THE DAILY.**  
 One year, postage paid, \$10.00  
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 One year, postage paid, \$1.00  
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 All notices or news letters or telegrams should be addressed to the Post-Dispatch, 225 and 227 Market street.

## TWELVE PAGES.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1884.

See that you get the four-page supplement of this issue. If you do not find it in your paper, notify the office by postal card.

On account of the pressure of our advertising patrons the reader will find most of the news crowded into a supplement to-day.

Mrs. Lot. M. MORRIS should edit a polite letter-writer. Her epistolary style is fully as expressive as the best of Madame de Sevigné's work.

The New York World now appears with the figures 99,510 printed at the top or bottom of the columns of all its pages. They tell the story of a year's growth of circulation without a parallel or precedent in the history of American journalism.

In the Cole divorce case in Chicago the most compromising evidence against Mr. Cole was a number of half-pins found in his apartment which Mrs. Cole testified were none of hers. The defendant was unable to account satisfactorily for his possession of the incriminating wires. Mr. Cole is probably the largest fish ever successfully landed by a pin hook.

Only a short time ago, during a brief interval when the balance of foreign trade was temporarily against us and there was a slight gain of gold, the New York clearing-house when made a powerful effort to get up a gold Ladie, and would have succeeded in establishing a gold premium, but for the firmness of Secretary FOLGER. Now the Treasury again holds \$100,000,000 in gold, or more than it knows what to do with.

BOB FORD and DICK LADDLE, two distinguished Missourians, have had notice to disappear suddenly from the vicinity of Las Vegas, N. M., and such a notice in that climate always means business. The timely discovery of a tunnel under a banking house, in which one of the citizens of Las Vegas was shot by the discoverers, aroused a suspicion that Messrs. FORD and LADDLE were there to investigate a new branch of mining industry.

THE fusion candidate for Governor, distorts census figures to make it appear that the people who live in Missouri are very poorly off as compared with those who were so wise or fortunate as to make their homes in Iowa or Kansas. His labored efforts to prove that the two latter States are much better governed than Missouri may please the prohibitionists who govern those States, but will hardly make the Missouri prohibitionists vote for a liquor dealer for Governor.

AGAIN this year the William Barr Dry Goods Company announces its fall opening with the largest single advertisement that was ever published in a daily journal. It occupies one-third of the space in this twelve page issue, and means an expenditure which only the most liberal and enterprising merchants would incur, and which only an established trade of vast proportions would justify. But costly as it is, it is the cheapest way in which the house can communicate with the mighty multitude who daily read the POST-DISPATCH.

The telegraphic reports of the marriage of Miss GARRISON to the French Count who is in the champagne business occupy about two sticks of space. Young ladies will thus see that, for newspaper notoriety, a coachman has the bulge on a Count in the proportion of columns to stickfuls. If Monsieur GASTON CHANDON DE BAILLIES, son of Count PAUL CHANDON DE BAILLIES of Epemey, France, had driven a carriage instead of making an intoxicating liquor for a livelihood, he would be now traveling around the newspapers of America under all the royal glory of a five-line head.

Only one remark can be made on the killing of EDWIN HENRY at Knoxville, Tennessee, yesterday, by E. J. JOHNSON, whose wife HENRY had seduced, and that is the old one, "The wages of sin is death." In this unfortunate affair, which has furnished the country with two separate horrors, there are mingled all the elements which go to make up a strange and startling tragedy. Mrs. JOHNSON, a weak and hysterical lady, with a tendency toward catalepsy, was, as she claimed, brought under a mesmeric control by HENRY which ended in her ruin. It is no use to talk about the charlatan and deceit of mesmerism. When the object of attack is a weak, unhealthy woman there is an effect, which, although it is entirely the result of a diseased imagination, is potent in putting the mesmerized bound into the hands of the mesmerizer. After confessing her fall, the unfortunate woman took her own life, and her husband was forced by the public charge that it was his cruelty that had driven her to suicide to make public the sad letters she had written him in the history of her ruin was displayed. So step by step did this tragedy travel towards its final catastrophe at Knoxville yesterday. Out of a family disgraced by the occult fascinations of a Lothario 35 years old, we have a woman's suicide because she could not bear her

shame, and, finally, a murder wrought with such premeditation and long-cherished vengeance that the victim who had earned his death was paid the debt fully and horribly. Certainly no grisly dream of romance equals the cold truth of this Indiana episode.

## THE MAAMTRASNA CASE.

TIMOTHY HARRINGTON, M. P. for Westmeath, has been personally investigating the Maamtrasna murders, for which MILES JOYCE and two other persons were hanged in Galway in December, 1882. Mr. HARRINGTON says he has evidence enough to put Lord SPENCER in the dock for conspiracy to murder, and he promises a report and an array of evidence at the opening of Parliament that will make "Castle Government" and the systematic wrongs committed in the name of public justice in Ireland the leading question of the ensuing session.

English rule has always made Irish outbreaks a pretext for converting the criminal courts of Ireland into engines of bloody terrorism and coercion, and with their gangs of perjured informers and conspiring officials they have rarely failed in troublous times to make a record of judicial murders as atrocious as JEFFREY'S "Bloody Assizes." But nothing in the old yellow-paged records of similar horrors in the past can be more shocking than the facts of this Joyce case as revealed by the later confessions of two of the informers, ANTHONY PHILBIN and THOMAS CASEY, fully confirmed as they have been by Mr. HARRINGTON'S investigations.

It will be proved that the murder of JOHN JOYCE and his wife and children was the result of a family feud wholly unconnected with agrarian or political outrages, and that neither PHILBIN nor MILES JOYCE knew anything about it. But they were among the ten persons arrested for the crime, and by bribes and terrorism PHILBIN was induced to make a pretended confession implicating himself and other prisoners, including MILES JOYCE and THOMAS CASEY. To save himself, the latter then turned informer, and made a true confession, implicating himself and the other real murderers, but exculpating PHILBIN and MILES JOYCE. The prosecution, however, refused to accept CASEY as a witness unless he would make his confession agree with PHILBIN'S, and the two were accordingly put together in the prison yard to arrange their story, which let some of the guilty ones escape while it doomed four innocent men to long terms of imprisonment. MILES JOYCE, "a poor old peasant from a wild mountain side in Connemara, as ignorant of the English language as any Soudan savage," was hanged protesting his innocence to the last, and with him were hanged two men who, on oath at the foot of the gallows, confessed their own guilt and proclaimed him innocent.

Mr. HARRINGTON promises to prove that all these facts about the murder and the manipulation of the perjured testimony were known to Lord SPENCER before the execution, and that this horrible travesty of justice was part of a scheme of judicial murder and terrorism adopted by the Castle officials to repress agrarian outrages and overawe the Irish people. It will be interesting to note how Mr. GLADSTONE will deal with this new and startling arraignment of his subordinates on the other side of St. George's channel.

## THE INDUSTRIAL SITUATION.

With wheat lower than it has been at any time in the current century, there is a sort of panic among the wheat-growers in Great Britain and all over the Continent of Europe. Wheat is so low as compared with fresh meats, that they talk of feeding it to butchers' stock rather than sell it at present prices. It is worth but 12s more per ton than Indian corn, and but 13s. 4d. per ton more than oil cake, and its fattening value is believed to be much greater than the difference in price as compared with those articles. Its present price in England would not cover the cost of shipping wheat from the central provinces of India, and by no means covers the cost of raising it in England. How English farmers are to pay their rents, is now the question, and agricultural lands must fall immensely in value unless they can be used for more profitable crops than wheat, or the farmers can somehow be protected from American competition.

The cry for protection which prevailed against American pork in Germany may soon be raised as effectively against the importation of American grain in France and several other countries beyond the sea. This would mean present prices of wheat in the hands of the American producer—from 40c to 50c a bushel, according to location—as a permanent thing, and the hot end of the protection poker in his hand would be heated seven times hotter than it ever was before. As the New York Evening Post says:

The American wheat grower has now reached the protectionist paradise which such philosophers as Henry C. Carey, William D. Kelly, William Walter Phelps, and James G. Blaine have so long pictured to his imagination. He has got a "home market," the very best and largest which manufacturing possibilities can give him. No more cotton mills, no more iron furnaces can find room here for many years to come. Half-time or dead silence is the condition of a large part of this "home market." The buccle mind does not work rapidly, but the fact will surely make its way into the chimney corners of the rural districts that the very acme and summit of agricultural prosperity which a home market built up by protective duties can produce, has been reached.

And yet, low as the price of grain is, the laboring man in the cities and manufacturing districts is not getting his bread and meat any cheaper. Indirect taxes and all sorts of tolling combinations of business and capital, more or less favored and protected by law, absorb the difference between the price paid by the consumer and that received by the producer. And with the home market for our manufacturers so protected that it is glutted with unsalable articles, the working men in great multitudes find their labor as unsalable at living prices as the farmer's wheat. The Chicago Herald of the day estimated the number of unemployed wage-workers in that city at 35,000. Mr. OGDEN, President of the Cincinnati Trades' Assembly, declares that 5,000 numbers of trades unions in

his city are idle, and that the non-unionists and unskilled laborers will bring the grand total up to 30,000 or 35,000 able-bodied men out of work. In Pittsburgh a similar situation is reported, and 4,000 vacant rooms and 3,000 habitations for rent mark the efforts of the working classes to "double up" in the way of quarters, while the retail dealers dependent on them for custom are on the verge of bankruptcy. In the Hocking Valley of Ohio and the mining districts of Pennsylvania, there are multitudes of strikers with nothing to live on, and still other multitudes on the verge of starvation though still "toiling for leave to live."

This is the outlook which we are entering upon what may prove a hard, long, winter—with all our markets glutted with the produce of labor and with a virgin soil's lavish abundance, but with vast masses of labor unremuneratively employed, or not employed at all, and, therefore, unable to buy the necessities. And nobody can say that tariff reform is responsible. The Public Treasury is bursting with the proceeds of wanton taxation, and we are still enjoying all the benefits of that tariff under which we saw much worse times from 1873 to 1878.

## A CASTLE IN CHINA.

FRANCE and Russia are said to have agreed upon the disintegration of China, and upon this theory the recent friendliness of those two great powers is explained. It is not probable that, if any such agreement had been reached, the world at large would know anything about it, until the drama now playing in the East had run further than the prologue. The secrets of diplomacy are better guarded, and there is only in this dispatch a well directed guess at the alliances which the future may have in store for Europe.

France and Russia have a hate in common, which is a stronger bond of union between two peoples than any alliance could forge. In spite of the official fondness between Berlin and St. Petersburg, of which so much is cabled, the Russian people do not like the Germans. Notwithstanding the harmony and accord between the President of the French Republic and the German Government, the French do not like the Germans. Upon this sentimental basis could be founded the strongest possible union of two nations.

China would be a convenient forge for the welding of the alliance. The Chinese could afford just enough resistance to Russia and France to make the conquest popular, to throw a halo of military renown about the allied arms, to give the nations those common associations which make marriage so easy after courtship and long company. And in the meantime China would foot all the bills. Indeed, there are so many pleasing features in the prospect that it is no wonder the Germanophobes of Russia and France are busy building castles in China, wherefrom BISMARCK may be deposed, Alsace and Lorraine expropriated and Europe made an appanage of the Muscovite Czar.

## A SERMON TO CLERICS.

There are few instances wherein energy has been wasted so needlessly as in the hundred and fifty pulpits of St. Louis during the last month. To the best of our knowledge and belief the only public theme upon which any preacher has touched, the only sermons which examined the relations of the church and society, have been directed to the closing and keeping closed of the Exposition on Sundays.

The clergy, as well as the city of St. Louis, form part of our flock, and we would be remiss in our pastoral duty if we did not call the attention of the ministers to the points wherein they are not using their talents to advantage. There is a great deal of wickedness in St. Louis much more inherently bad than the proposal to let the working people enjoy their one holiday in the week at the Exposition. As a matter of public morals which rightly comes under the survey of the church there is an amount of shameless sin in the city which testifies strongly against us.

Painted vice is a broad on our streets and night. Why should not the pastors of the flocks do their duty by the young and lessen if they cannot abate this evil? Why are the tremendous influences of the 150 pulpits not turned against this open and notorious menace to every family in the city? We can all recall the episode of the Master and Mary Magdalen. What hand is held out, proffering help, sympathy and forgiveness to the Magdalen of St. Louis? There are regions of St. Louis where it is not safe for a well-dressed man to travel, where the youths are outlaws and thugs where violence rules supreme. What missionary effort has been tried with the heathen of O'Fallon street or Clabber Alley? Who has gone to the "gangs" that infest the tenement districts and worked with them for their good? It is a matter of common report that our politics are disgracefully corrupt, that we are governed by secret and abhorrent forces which burrow under the darkness of the ballot-box, and are only known by their results. Who has ever directed the tremendous engineering of the pulpit against political obliquity and boss ways? Our jails and penitentiaries are full to overflowing of convicted criminals—who is busy softening and reforming these wretches, and bringing them back to self-respect and hope? All of this is labor that is left to the police—to the savage repression of the "billy" and the revolver. We are meeting crime with the same barbarous and inefficient treatment that a tribe of Indians would employ. You gentlemen, were set apart to fight God's battles against the Devil in our midst, you are the regular soldiers of Christ, and when you come to the grand court-martial you will only be able to plead in extenuation that you closed the Exposition on Sundays. You have left substitutes in the shape of policemen and jail guards to fight your battle with Satan.

None could hold more highly than we do the tremendous efficacy of the church for good. We reverently believe that it is the God-designed bulwark between society and the abysses of anarchy—the chaos of disordered Nihilism. But while we believe in the power of organized church effort

as the strongest and perhaps the only weapon whereby ignorance and evil may be fought, we must deplore the indifference of effort, the waste of energy, which marks the work that has been done.

It is sad to think that the one great exploit accomplished by the religion of St. Louis in the year 1884, in the midst of the carnival of sin, brutality and ignorance, daily growing bolder and stronger in our midst, the one high achievement of the church in its relation to the public has been the closing of the Exposition.

THE Newcomb-Buchanan Distilling Company of Louisville has collapsed under a load of 70,000 barrels of unsalable whisky in bond, on which taxes to the amount of \$43,000 were rapidly falling due. In its long struggle to control the market for Kentucky whisky and keep up the price, this company has twice before made assignments and worried through. But this time its fate appears to have been sealed by the defeat of the bill to permit whisky to remain in bond and the tax to run on interest until the goods should be withdrawn for consumption. And this time, also, the story of the assignment is decked out with indications of crookedness and the disappearance of the managers. The attempt of creditors to realize on that amount of fine goods, made when grain was much higher than at present, will probably render hopeless the situation of other large holders of Kentucky whisky, and seriously embarrass the banks of that State.

MR. PHIL ARMOUR of Chicago owns all the corn in the country and is using his heavy money-bags in another effort to crush his business rivals. Mr. ARMOUR is only one man, and yet he has the power of Providence to make food dear or cheap to the fifty millions of America. He can at his own sweet will alter a good harvest to a bad one, ruin the farmers who have produced the grain and meat, or wring the last cent from the hungry consumers. He and a few others of the great millionaires of America are unconsciously preaching the doctrines of communism in a way that carries conviction with it. They are abusing the public patience beyond the endurance point, and they are enemies not alone to the poor whose faces they grind, but to law and order and vested rights which form the fortalice that protects them and their great plunder.

THE Belgians are rioting at Brussels and the Austrians are agitating Vienna with dynamite. Russia is honeycombed with revolution. France is distracted with foreign war and domestic treason. England is busy with gunpowder and the rope in Egypt and in Ireland. Germany is between the upper and the nether millstones of military despotism and social Democracy, and the grist that is grinding out is business depression and general discontent, and America with the best harvest of years safely garnered stands ready to feed all the fighters, to give asylums to all the refugees, and to furnish the pillar of smoke by day and of fire by night, by which alone the nations will be led out of the wilderness of tyranny and anarchy in which they wander.

## The Bloody Shirt Affair.

The bloody shirt business in West Virginia is a trifle misty this time. Maxwell, the Republican candidate for Governor, is accused of having been in the Confederate army, while Wilson, his Democratic opponent, is attacked because during the war he "forged instruments of war to slay his rebel friends." It seems that Wilson worked in the armory at Harper's Ferry, and when the Confederates took it, came to Springfield and stayed here in the armory through the unpleasantness.

## Panper Labor.

General Butler asks the workmen of the North: "Can you laboring men expect to be prosperous with the pauper labor of the South coming into direct competition with you?"

We were under the impression—and facts confirm us in this—that labor in Southern mills received higher wages than were paid in General Butler's New England mills. If, then, this Southern labor is "pauper," what must that of New England be?

## Cockeyed Anti-Monopoly.

At Butler's headquarters in Union Square can be seen the very substantial of satire—the concentration of consummate cheek. Over the street is stretched a piece of American bunting, which Butler has tied to the mast of his "anti-monopoly" factory in this country, and this high-in-the-air huge red rag displays in glaring letters the legend "Anti-Monopoly."

## THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

## One of the Bad Boys.

St. Louis, September 23, 1884.  
 To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:  
 I need not in this country and previous editions of your paper, the spiteful allusions to the conductor of the Public School boys. Was Secretary Johnston never a boy? Has he forgotten the time when he was a boy and indulged in boyish pranks? Or has the recollections of the youthful Epiphany report with the downy curls upon his lip, so faded that he cannot remember the days when he was capable of performing worse tricks than throwing spitballs on the "baldheads?"

## His Duty.

St. Louis, September 23, 1884.  
 To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please tell me what duty in this case? The enterprising gentlemen who manage the Villed Providence and Trades' Processions ask the business men along the route to decorate their stores. Along comes the burlesque, who says he has "orders" and orders not to allow any flags hung across the street, nor any flags to swing more than two feet from wall. This puts a damper on my enthusiasm.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

## TWO SCRIBBLERS—The Washington Monument.

A READER—You will find the statue of Edward Bates in Forest Park.

ACTOR—Robson & Crane never attempted "The Widow Bedott" anywhere.

QUESTIONS—You can ascertain by inquiry at any large store where fans are sold.

COLORADO—The subject of the painting "Marquetry" is not taken from the opera of Faust.

WIFE—St. Louis—The Sheriff of St. Louis is not allowed by law to serve more than two consecutive terms.

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SEVERAL SCRIBBLERS—Three tent, a Jack and a nine core coffin in cribbage if the Jack is not a trump. Three eights, a seven and a six score twenty-one.

SEVERAL READERS—A majority is the excess of

in their own right, but rich only as their parents may make them rich, marriage with a poor man entails many inconveniences. It is because other things are equal, that rich girls marry poor men. In the United States the young man who has reached maturity without acquiring either trade, business or profession, is almost certain to have occupied his time in less beneficial ways. In the old countries, where there is a large leisure class who contrive to kill time with as little damage to themselves as possible, the tendency to find living is quite sufficiently apparent. In this country, where there is no corresponding class, the tendency is greater. Young men will work off their surplus energy in some way, and if not in work in play. Their time will be divided between the club, the race-track and even more questionable resorts. Their minds never mature, and they are often physical wrecks before they have reached the years that should be their prime. There are, of course, honorable exceptions, but such, as a rule, are the rich men girls of the same class have to choose husbands from. The rich girl who leaves these wrecks for a young man who has to make his own way in the world only makes a mistake when she picks out an inferior specimen of the class.

## A Lockwood Scandal.

Washington, Oct. 23, 1884.  
 Now comes Colonel Wood, who at one time was the Chief of the Secret Service, who thus arraigns Belva Lockwood. Washington's pettifogged lawyer, perambulating the streets on wheels, with long red stockings, trucking works her canvas, bobbing up and down the pedal propellers of a tricycle. She is the heroine of this campaign, and a trump card in her profession. An instance of her sharp practice will suffice to show the peculiar tendencies of her acute legal mind. Belva was the counsel or go-between, for a Washington female known as Ada —, who supposed she had a claim against the late native Texan in Congress. Belva commenced with double-barreled epistles upon the victim (Tom Ochiltree), and a settlement was proposed. Belva would not allow the fair Ada to show up or participate in the legal deal, and the only native Texan compromised by putting up \$300 to buy himself off. Belva retained \$100 of the \$300 paid by Ochiltree as her fee. And now the fair Ada declares that the feminine candidate for the Presidency is a fraud, and that the object of Belva's nomination is simply an advertising device to catch ladies like herself who have Congressional sweethearts. Ada insists that Belva shall return \$50 of the \$100 she kept out of the "love tariff" paid by Tom Ochiltree.

## Society's Season.

Most schoolboys know that when it is day here it is night in China, but many children of a larger growth, calling themselves "society" people too, are aware that the fashionable season in London is precisely the reverse of that in New York—that their society season is in the summer, when Parliament generally is sitting and opera and theaters are in full blast. From September to May Belgravia and the West End generally in London are practically deserted, and the "Dukes and Dianas and Dukes" are "down" in the country. All Cockneydom is now mourning over the annual autumnal begonia, with the consequent loss of fashionable trade and the dearth of amusements. Some compensation comes to this country—that is, Irving and Terry will come and Mapleson may.

## Why Madame Smiled.

From the San Francisco Argonaut.  
 There is a neat story told of a lady whose husband had a very small foot of which he was extremely proud. She flattered him and encouraged his vanity, so that every time he bought tighter and tighter shoes. It was excruciating pain to go about in them, but he would not confess it. However, when he reached home in the evening his slippers were such a welcome relief that it was a difficult matter to induce him to go out after dinner. From a great club-man he became noted for his domestic habits. Madame smiled to herself, but said nothing.

## The Bloody Shirt Affair.

From the New York Herald.  
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one candidate's vote over the combined vote of the opposition. A plurality is the excess of the elected candidate's vote over his highest competitor.

## WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

Miss JOHNSON, late of Kentucky, is the latest operatic debutante in Paris.

Mrs. BELVA LOCKWOOD always wears a handsome bunch of flowers as a bouquet de corsage.

A young lady does not want to be more than 10 years old let her go on the stage.

The girl of the period is not finished until she has learned to bang her hair and a piano.

Lot's voice is described as very low when she tries to sing; but her kicking is high when she dances.

KATE FIELD is angry. She has never been asked in Utah at least. A Mormon would have to be very much of an Elder to do that.

Mrs. LANTRY is said to be figuring to secure the management of a London theater. Will Mr. Gelbhard become an Englishman then?

MAN SUMMERS is said to have already made arrangements to go on the stage as a soprano singer, and a divorce will shortly dispose of her husband.

ROSE TERRY writes that her "heart is older and colder" than it used to be. We judge from this that Rose has got married.

Dr. PORTER says Kate Smiley, the fasting girl, has only St. Vitus' dance. St. Vitus' dance is a very economical disease, at all events.

THERE is an earthquake and a waterquake, but no one has yet discovered a name for the quake a man has when he comes home at three o'clock in the morning and finds his wife sitting up for him.

A MORMON wife had her picture taken in a position of abhorrence, and her husband gave the artist two black eyes and his wife a scalp wound which may render her bald headed.

Mrs. BETSY LIPPRO, widow of Anthony P. Lippro, a soldier of the Revolutionary war, died in Potteryville County, Va., on the 10th instant, aged 95. She had been drawing a pension for about twenty years and lived on a small farm.

IRABELLA STUART, Countess d'Albania, who boasts to have the blood of the Pretender in her veins, and has for years disappeared from society, is another abess of an English convent at Braila, in Roumania. She is at present in England.

MOLLIE GARFIELD, the eldest daughter of the late President, will remain at school in Cleveland one more year before she makes her debut in society. She is a very pretty and sensible young lady.

"POOR Carlotta, ex-Empress of Mexico," so writes a correspondent, "spends only a few thousand a year in her mad-house, and the accumulated interest of her immense fortune has become enormous. Her brothers will be her heirs."

"Is a private villa at Lucerna," writes a correspondent, "are living the Princess Dolgorouki and her family of three children, with a numerous suite. She is said, since the Emperor's death, to be the richest woman in all Europe."

Mrs. SCHELLING is said to have a magnificent voice, which she has repeatedly been told would make her fortune on the stage. She may yet be able to show her family that she can support a husband comfortably without a cent's worth of help from any of them.

Mrs. MARY ANDERSON, says Edmund Yates, was a distraction to some of the loss of devotion of the congregation at the Carmelite Church at Kensington on a recent Sunday morning. Her beauty was a theme of much admiration, even to ladies, who, however, revenged themselves on her dress, which was declared to be of that shade of brown (a shade verging on mustard) which ought never to be worn.

## MEN OF MARK.

PROF. MOSELEY has discovered a beast or mollusk which has 11,000 eyes.

The mysterious personage known as "No. 1" has arrived at Chicago. He should look out for himself.

The Russian politician who writes under the name of "Strepnik" is said to be preparing a large work on "The Russian Despotism."

A FULL-blown pianist teaches piano playing at Naples. The Italian prices we know seem to be most profitable with the hand organ.

SAMUEL SMALL of Atlanta, Ga., has eighty bound volumes of ephemeral literature, mainly newspaper clippings, about the interests and politics of Georgia.

It is now revealed that the Czar of Russia smokes regularly four entire packages of cigarettes daily, and yet the imperial fraud pretends to be afraid of dynamite.

THE Berlin Embassy always cost Lord Amphil, the English Minister, from \$4,500 to \$5,000 a year out of his own pocket, the salary being quite inadequate, if the thing is to be well done.

D. D. HOWE, the alleged Spiritualist, has settled down in Paris



















## THE PEOPLE'S PARTY. TWELVE PAGES. SADLY STRAINED.

The Paris Sun fears a rupture between England and France.

End of the Military Maneuvers at Düsseldorf.  
The leader of the Peace Party in China restored to favor—A Syrian Town destroyed by fire—Foreign News.

PARIS, September 24.—La République asserts that the difference in views between Prime Minister Ferry and General Camille, the Minister of War, is expected to lead to the resignation of the latter. General Camille is expected to be the successor of the Minister of War. It is said that, in case Gen. Camille resigns, M. Ferry will offer the Ministry of War to Gen. Lewal, at present commander of the Seventeenth Corps, with headquarters at Toulouse.

A RUPTURE WITH ENGLAND FEARED.  
La République publishes an article over the signature of M. Almeida, the well-known Orientalist, in which the writer asserts that the relations between England and France are so strained that a rupture is feared. He expresses the hope, however, that such a disaster may be averted.

THE CHOLERA.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 24.—The State Department has issued an interesting report from the United States Consul at Genoa in regard to the cholera scourge which has been raging since the 23d of August. He says that at the outbreak of the cholera at Genoa and Marseilles, Spain was selected as the place to quarantine all Italian fugitives from those cities. Those brought to Spain at the expense of the Italian Government were kept on board the ship until a day's quarantine had expired. The report has not been contradicted that, afterwards, the refugees were allowed to take their mattresses and other bedding on shore, and were disposed of them to the highest bidder. Another report was that many of the refugees escaped during the night time, and took their infected clothing with them.

THE FRENCH CHINESE WAR.  
Tientsin, September 24.—The Governor and General of Min Che, comprising the provinces of Tobe Kiang and Fuh Kien, has been dismissed from office and degraded in rank, but the Governor and General of the province of Fuh Kien, in which Foo Chow is situated, have both been retained. The excuses they gave for the success of the Chinese were regarded as satisfactory. Li Hung Chang, the famous victor of Poo Chi Li and leader of the peace party in China, whose power and influence had been greatly curtailed by the government, has been reinstated in all the offices he formerly held.

THE DOMINION.  
LONDON, OCT., September 24.—The failure of Thomas Fawcett, private banker, has had a depressing effect in Western Ontario. A great portion of the banking business of that section has been in the hands of private banks and that of Fawcett was one of the largest of them. Besides his office in London he was interested in branch establishments in Watford, Wyoming, Arkansas, Alvinston, Millbrook, Thornbury, Dresden, Mitchell, Thamesville and other places. In an interview to-day Fawcett said his liabilities, at a rough guess, could be far above \$800,000. That estimate includes the liabilities of the agencies in which he is interested. He felt satisfied that the assets were far in advance of the amounts named, although, of course, if the estate should be forced into liquidation or placed in the hands of an assignee, some of the securities held would not realize their face value. He was confident the estate, if properly handled, would pay dollar for dollar. When asked about the deposits in the agencies, he said he had not had an opportunity of ascertaining even an approximate estimate of the deposits; but, since the Federal difficulty the estimate of the agencies had been very large. In addition to this many farmers have been forced to withdraw their money. The failure, he thought, was due principally to the dullness of the cattle trade, in which the different agencies were very largely interested.

GERMANY.  
BERLIN, September 24.—The autumn maneuvers of the German army at Düsseldorf concluded to-day with a review of the Rhine land corps. The Emperor attended the review in a carriage, but at the close mounted on horseback to bid adieu to the visiting officers. The Emperor bestowed crosses upon the foreign officers, and to the French General Hanlon presented the order of the Red Eagle.

ENGLAND.  
LONDON, September 24.—This is the second day of the Newmarket first October meeting. The race for the Great Eastern Railway handicap was won by Mantua's chestnut colt Energy; Duke of Beaufort's grey filly, Silly, second; Duke of Devonshire's grey filly, Silly, third. "ON THE FRANCHISES REID." Apropos of the popular agitation in favor of the franchise bill, Truth says: "The Cabinet is greatly impressed by the attitude of the country, and has resolved to create fresh fears if a small majority of the House of Lords should reject the bill the second time. If, however, the bill is rejected by a large majority Parliament will be asked to express its views regarding the franchise bill. The position of the House of Lords, either by resolution or an address to the crown, will be the subject of the discussion. It is brought about this autumn, the country will be compelled to take a vote on the franchise bill. The bill is believed to be a compromise, and has been assented to by the Queen and the royal dukes will vote with the Liberals. The franchise bill is brought before the House of Lords again.

SYRIA.  
LONDON, September 24.—A disastrous conflagration has occurred in Zerron, Syria. A bazar and 400 houses were consumed. The fire has caused suffering among the residents of the town.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.  
A Chapter of Suspensions, Failures and Assignments Throughout the Country.  
LOUISVILLE, Ky., September 24.—Thus far to-day, there are no new developments in the assignment of the Bureau of the Louisville Trust Company. The company have charge of the firm's affairs and are now engaged in an investigation, to see if there is anything crooked. They will not make anything public.

HOARDING ASSIGNED.  
CINCINNATI, September 24.—Henry Beckford, a manufacturer of machinery tools, has assigned to Charles Hoefling. Assets estimated to be equal to liabilities, \$30,000 to \$40,000.

A BRACE OF ASSIGNMENTS.  
NEW YORK, September 24.—The duties of the assignment of Geo. A. Webb, of the Trust Company were filed in court to-day. The company preferred \$10,000 non-preferred, \$40,000 total, \$50,000 nominal assets, \$81,403 actual assets, \$30,000 Charles P. Burdett, of the Trust Company, filed an assignment to-day to Henry M. Burdett. The holders of accommodation notes for \$20,000 are preferred.

BURDITT AND FOND SUSPENDED.  
NEW YORK, September 24.—Messrs. Burdett and Fond, carrying on extensive business in the Southern American and English trade, were forced to suspend, with liabilities of \$21,000.

THE UNITARIAN CONFERENCE.  
NEW YORK, September 24.—In the Unitarian Conference at Saratoga this morning Rev. R. B. Bul-

ley of Concord, Mass., conducted the religious exercises. Reports were received from the standing committees in relation to the representation by delegates from all the churches. A resolution was adopted that the conference be represented at the foreign conference next year. A resolution favoring the temperance movement was referred. A report was made showing the condition of the Cambridge University School and the Middlebury Theological Seminary. Essays on Congregationalism were read by Rev. Jos. H. Wilson of Cambridge and Dr. Brooks Herford of Boston; followed by a discussion.

## THE "PEOPLE'S PARTY"

In Convention Assembled at Worcester—Mr. Drinkwater's Speech.  
WORCESTER, MASS., September 24.—The convention of the People's Party, who called to order by Colonel A. C. Drinkwater, who welcomed the delegates to "the first convention of the people's party and the true Democratic party of the country." He welcomed all no matter what their former political affiliation might have been, and then alluded to the wonderful campaign made by Butler last year, notwithstanding all the opposition concentrated upon him by self-constituted leaders of the Democratic party, the press and pulpit. "These self-constituted leaders," he said, "came to stay, and one which will yet be successful."

It having been announced that Butler would reach Worcester at noon, Flanagan, the secretary, moved that the convention adjourn in time to proceed to the depot, in a body to greet his candidate for the hall. The motion prevailed, and his adjournment was followed by cheering.

At 12 o'clock the delegates marched to the depot, where they were met by a large number of people. The chairman then announced the committee on credentials. Committees on permanent platform and on resolutions were appointed. Colonel Clark of Boston, called attention to the premature publication of the platform to be submitted to the convention, and moved the appointment of a committee on resolutions.

A committee was then appointed to nominate a State ticket. Quins from the Committee on Credentials reported twenty-one counties and 294 towns represented by 1,459 delegates. The report was accepted.

At noon the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock, and the delegates marched to the depot, where they were met by a large number of people. The chairman then announced the committee on credentials.

A MYSTERIOUS MURDER.  
A Cleveland Police Clerk, Without Appearance, Shoots His Wife and Himself.  
CLEVELAND, Ohio, September 24.—Darwin N. Gardner, formerly Police Clerk of this city, holding the office for nine years, and afterward a resident of Pittsburgh, but later located here, this morning shot his wife, who, before her marriage was known as Alice Phillips, or Tucker, and then shot himself. The wife is fatally wounded. The wife is wounded in the temple, but will probably recover. The two were alone in a room at the time, and nobody knows the motive for the desperate act.

INFESTED WITH THIEVES.  
The Town of Pann, Ill., Beset by a Gang of Ruffians.  
By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PANN, Ill., September 24.—A gang of burglars and highway robbers infest this city. Houses have been entered at night, and considerable property has been secured. Last night a young couple, out riding, were fired upon by a highwayman when they refused to halt. A robber was wounded last night by a citizen, whose house he had entered, as blood was found in the yard this morning. No arrests have been made, but there is much excitement over the matter.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF POOR LO.  
LAKE MONROE, N. Y., September 24.—The conference of prominent philanthropists interested in the Indian question opened this morning and will continue for several days. Gen. George A. Fisk, President; Herbert Welsh, Philadelphia, secretary. The conference will consider the question of citizenship for the Indians, and the progress of education, and the benefits of granting lands in severalty. The speakers were Captain J. B. Burdett, of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and General Milroy, superintendent of the agencies in Washington Territory.

AN ALABAMA OUTRAGE.  
CHATTANOOGA, TENN., September 24.—A special to the Times from Tusculoo, Ala., says that on Sunday, the village of Carthage, near that point, a negro named Shook, a well-known and respected citizen, was shot and killed by a white man in the suburbs and, dragging her to a clump of bushes, ravished her. She gave the alarm and a posse of one hundred hunted the negro down and killed him with bullets.

REDEMPTION CELEBRATION OF A FEAST.  
At nearly four this morning the Feast of Our Lady of Mercy was celebrated at the Convent of Mercy, corner of Twenty-second and Morgan streets. The chapel was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and Rev. M. C. Charrovin of St. Xavier's Church celebrated early mass, the 8 o'clock mass being a Requiem for the soul of the Blessed Sacrament, which continues till 7 o'clock this evening.

WANTS \$5,000.  
William H. Widner and wife, Sarah A., filed a suit against the Collier Lead Works to-day, to recover \$5,000 damages for the death of their child Mary, on the 16th of May last, alleged to have been run over by the horses and wagon of the defendant, left carelessly and negligently standing on the street.

REDEMPTION MEMBERSHIP.  
A special meeting of the Merchants' Exchange directory will be held to-morrow at 2:30 p. m. The board will receive and act upon the report of the committee appointed to prepare an amendment to the rules which will admit of a surplus being formed for the redemption of memberships.

FINED \$75.  
Charles Stock took his intended bride out riding a few days ago, and on the trip killed a lively horse. To-day he was tried on a charge of cruelty to animals, and fined \$75. On account of his arrest and fine the young man was obliged to postpone his marriage.

NEW CASES.  
In the Court of Criminal Correction the following new cases were set to-day: 1—Michael Lebay, Mike Kelley and John Baker, petit larceny; F. W. Kuhlman, embezzlement; Pierce C. Murphy, embezzlement. September 25—Frank C. Adams, abandoning his wife.

THE TREASURY PORTFOLIO.  
WASHINGTON, September 24.—The latest prediction concerning the Treasury portfolio is that the new secretary will be a gentleman not heretofore mentioned in connection with the office, a man of experience, and not from New York State.

POST OFFICE ROBBERY.  
CROCKER, Mo., September 24.—The Post Office at Waynesville was robbed of a small amount of money and a number of letters last night. Also a horse was stolen from Jesse Ryo. The thief was tracked by a posse to this place.

FIGHTING HARD.  
A letter received from General Edgerton this morning states that he expects to make his headquarters for the Louisville lottery man to-day. He is expected to return next Saturday or Sunday.

ANSWERING THE CALL.  
By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.  
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., September 24.—The Democrats here are responding promptly to the recent call of the National Democratic Committee. A liberal collection was forwarded to-day, and others are to follow soon.

NATHAN THAYER DEAD.  
NEW YORK, September 24.—The chairman of the New York Exchange has just announced the death of Nathan Thayer, of Nathan Thayer & Co., Broad street.

CHARGED WITH LARCENY.  
A negro named Jenkins was arrested by the Fifth District Police, to-day. A pocket book containing \$5 and Charles Stocker's name was taken from him. He was sent to Clayton to stand trial on a charge of larceny preferred by Mr. Stocker.

## STOPS BY THE WAY.

Blaine's Journey from New York Up the Hudson Valley.

The Affable Candidate Retells Taft's From the Platform of His Car—Speeches at Yonkers, Poughkeepsie and Along the Line—The Young Men's Club of Brooklyn.

YONKERS, N. Y., September 24.—Mr. Blaine, in company with Chairman Warner and Andrew S. Draper, of the State Committee, arrived at 9 o'clock this morning. They received hearty cheers all along, from the hotel to the cars where the crowd was kept in order by the police. The train was made up of three cars of baggage and two drawing room cars, the Mohawk and Richmond. The rear platform of the Mohawk was handsomely decorated with the American colors and pictures of Blaine and Logan were on the side of the car. Only about thirty prominent Republicans and newspaper men were on board, nearly all of a criminal view. After he entered the coach, demands for a speech became general, and Mr. Blaine appeared on the platform. He shook hands with many and bowed to the crowd. The train moved out, exploding twenty-one torpedoes, the crowd shouting that he had a good night's sleep.

Among those on the train were: Jas. D. Warren, S. D. Warren, W. W. Vrooman, John H. Hickett, John B. Deane, John A. Schleicher of the Albany Journal, and A. W. Jones.

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## COLLIER STORE Jewelry Department.

Gilt and Initial Sleeve Buttons.....50c and \$1.00	Moss Agate Sleeve Buttons, per pair, 50c & \$1.00
Pearl Sleeve Buttons.....1.00	Gold Front Sleeve Buttons, per pair.....1.00
Initial Scarf Pins......50	Blaine and Cleveland Scarf Pins......25
Silk and Hair Vest Chains.....1.00	Fire Gilt Vest Chains.....1.00
Roll Plate Vest Chains.....\$3.50 to 5.00	Shirt Studs.....50c, 75c, 1.00
Ladies' Collar Buttons, Rhine Stones.....25c to 50c	Ladies' Gold Front Lockets.....\$1.00 to 4.00
Gents' Watch Chains.....50c to 2.50	Gold Band Rings.....\$1.00, 1.50, 2.00
Set Rings.....\$1.00 to 3.00, 3.00, 5.00	Ladies' Necklaces.....75c, \$1.00 to 4.00
Old Coin Silver Bracelets......50	Silver Bangie Bracelets, per pair.....25c, 50c
Jersey Silver and Rhine Stone Pins, 35, 75, 1.00	Roll Plate Bracelets, per pair.....\$1.00, 1.50, 2.00
Ladies' Watch Guards.....\$1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 5.00	Ladies' Lace Pins.....25



In **WINDOW DECORATIONS** (Lace Curtains and Draperies) we challenge competition, having in our employ the Best Artists only.

**In Addition to the Grand MECHANICAL and ART DISPLAY, the Directors of**

HAVE THE HONOR TO ANNOUNCE THE ENGAGEMENT OF

ADMISSION TO ALL PARTS OF THE BUILDING, 25 CENTS. CHILDREN 15 CENTS.

**TT** ESTAB 1899

ESTAB 1839.

**E CO.**

One of the **PRINCIPAL ATTRAC-**  
tiveness of the **Finest in the West.** Strangers in-  
vited to find Useful as well as Orna-  
mental Styles Very Latest.

**WASHINGTON AVENUE.**

**SON!**

DOCTORS

**"HELL!"**

**STANDARD THEATER.**

Week Commencing Sunday, September 21.

**Thos. A. THE DALYS Robert Daniel**  
**Wm. J. LIZZIE DERIOUS DALY**  
and a complete company in Daly's great Athletic Comedy,  
entitled

**VACATION; OR HARVARD VS. YALE.**

Mainstage Wednesday and Saturday.

Next week—The Fortescue Well-Fed-Dora Burlesque  
Company.

Sunday—John T. Raymond.  
**POPE'S** MATINEE AT 2:00.  
 NIGHT AT 8.  
**THE HANLONS**  
 All week. Matinees to-day and Saturday. Sunday, September 28—The Bijou Opera Company in  
**MR. PUES AND EURYDICE.**  
**OLYMPIC.**  
 Two Performances To-Day. Matinee at 2. Evening at 8  
 o'clock.  
**MILES & BAETON**  
**BIJOU OPERA HOUSE CO.,**  
 From New York, in  
**BLUE BEARD.**  
 Miss Emma Carson as..... Selma  
 Mr. Carl Rankin as..... Blue Beard  
 Sunday, September 27—in the Banks.  
**CASINO**  
 Fourth and Walnut, opp. Southern Hotel.

To-Night, from 8 until 11:30, three and one-half hours of amusement.

The Best Spectacular and Variety Entertainments in America.

First appearance of Kelly & Ryan, Senator Moran, Hallen & Hart, Ella Wagner, and other first-class artists.

Matinee Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, half hours of amusement.

---

**BROADWAY & TREYER'S**

**New Dime Museum,**

Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.

Open Every Day from 1 to 10 p. m. - Ketties Change of Bill.

Ever-changing.

First time of the World's Wonder,

**George Lippert, the Three-Legged Man.**

A man with three legs—three legs all well developed, and neither less than yours. Admission to all.







### Parisian Millinery and Artificial Flower Store.

Mme. Jacquemin has just returned from Paris with a beautiful stock of fall novelties in Hats, Bonnets, Plumes of all kinds and the new style of Veil and Chiffon Flowers. A large and handsome selection of Bridal Flowers, Jardiniere and Baskets, which we make to suit all tastes. We manufacture all our Flowers and Plumes, just like our imported Patterns, and for that reason our prices for reliable goods are the lowest in the city.

MME. F. JACQUEMIN,  
323 N. BROADWAY.

**CUT RATES**  
TO ALL POINTS.  
J. W. STOCKBRIDGE,  
605 Washington Avenue, Lindell Hotel.

**MILK** THE Largest Retailer of Pure Milk in the city. Telephone No. 1,522.  
**BOWMAN & CO.,**  
818 and 820 Morgan st.

#### CITY ITEMS.

Use "Psycho's Charm," the only pure medicated face powder. Raboteau & Co., 714 N. Fifth street.

Try The Cloth of Gold.  
The mildest and finest cigar ever imported. A fresh invoice just out of bond. J. L. Mayer & Co., sole Importers Cloth of Gold brand, 900 Olive street, St. Louis.

**FURNITURE**  
Was never cheaper. New designs more beautiful than ever at  
GUERNEY FURNITURE CO.,  
500 North Fourth street.

The justly famous "Anderson" and Belmont Scotch whisky and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupo & Co., 254 and 256 Olive street.

Pozzoni's Chemical Hair Balm cures baldness and makes the hair glossy and wavy.

Dr. E. C. Chase,  
222 Olive street. Set of teeth \$3.

Private matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinneen, 214 Pine street.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indigestion, excesses, indulgence. See Ad. page 7.

ORIENTAL CREAM, \$1; Guimauve Soap, 15c; Dento-Polish, 50c; Hair Restorer, 50c; Face Lotion, 50c; French Perfumeries, 50c. Raboteau & Co., 714 N. 5th st.

#### EAST ST. LOUIS.

George Rosenthal's only daughter died yesterday, and was interred at Walnut Hill Cemetery, Belleville-to-day.

The Irish Baine and Logan Club of the Fourth Ward will hold a mass-meeting and flag raising at Edward Wallace's Friday.

John M. Sullivan, one of the City Treasurers who left for Colorado some time since in search of health, is expected home in a few days.

The Prohibitionists of the Eighteenth Congressional District will convene at the Young Men's Christian Association room next Saturday, and nominate a candidate for the Legislature.

Several sudden deaths among the colored population of Brooklyn have occurred during the last few days, and some fears are expressed that the disease from which they are dying is contagious.

Thomas Karlin, confidential clerk of the Wiggins Ferry Company, met with a sad and violent death about 7:30 last evening. Mr. Karlin had just transacted some business in the Wiggins Ferry office, near the bridge tower, and deliberately walked in front of a switch engine on the Bell tracks.

Several who noticed his perilous position called to him but he failed to hear them and before he could stop his engine Karlin was struck from the track and horribly mutilated, resulting almost instantly. The remains were taken to Kurris' livery stable, where an inquest was held this morning. A verdict being returned in accordance with the above facts. Karlin was about 50 years of age, and leaves a wife. He had been in the employ of the Wiggins Ferry Company for a number of years, and carried the money from the East St. Louis office to St. Louis.

Gentlemen: My stock of fall and winter goods is now complete and ready for the inspection of my patrons. In the northeast corner of the gallery at the Exposition, I have a display of many novelties that will attract gentlemen interested in handsome goods, stylishly made. Respectfully,  
B. H. BROWNELL, 716 Olive street.

The Post-Dispatch publishes to-day a larger list of advertisements, under "Rooms to Rent" and "Boarding," than any other city paper.

Went Away Well Fixed.

August Kasper, aged 17 years, and Theodore Dickmeyer, aged 14 years, left their homes yesterday in the rear of No. 1394 Montgomery street to go to work. In the afternoon the police discovered that \$50 in money and a German revolver had been taken. Inquiry developed the fact that neither of the boys went to work yesterday. The police were requested to hunt up the boys, who have probably gone west to find Indians and hunt panthers.

**WE ARE ALL GOING.**  
On Sunday, September 28, to Creve Coeur Lake to witness the Gaudaur-Hosmer boat race of three miles, with a turn, for \$1,000; and we are going on the 9:30 a. m. train, because we want to see the several scull and skiff races to take place early in the day.

**Mysteriously Missing.**  
Joseph Berry, aged 25 years, living at 1024 Jackson street, and employed at Bridge, Beach & Co's. Shoe Manufacturing, is mysteriously missing. On Monday he received his week's wages and started home, but has not been seen by any acquaintance since. He is five feet six inches high, dark complexion and pitted with small-pox marks.

We call special attention to an important auction sale of elegant H. H. furniture, carpets, Weber piano, surr., harness, etc., by Messrs. H. E. and A. Black & Co. auctioneers, at residence of R. C. Greer, esq., No. 2627 Chestnut street, Thursday September 25 1884. Those desiring handsome goods will do well to attend this sale.

RESIDENTS of the vicinity of Tenth street and Broadway complain of the smoke which comes from the chimney of Blackford's brick works, and want to know how to secure a remedy.

### THE GRAPE CURE



**SAL-MUSCATELLE**  
IN AMERICA.  
The Crystallized Salt is extracted from Grapes and Fruit; a most wonderful product from Nature's Laboratory. Have it in your home, travel, summer resorts and seaside places. A specific for the Faguet, Weary or Worn Out. Cures Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Liver and Bowel Complaints.  
Prepared by the  
**LONDON SAL-MUSCATELLE CO., LTD.**  
London, England.  
Beware of imitations; the genuine is "Blue wrapped only," and is sold by Richardson Drug Comp'y, Mayor & Co.

## The Ball Opens!

During the early months of the Spring and Summer we have purchased from Eastern manufacturers of CLOTHING the largest lines of Fall and Winter Garments and Outfittings ever placed on sale by a Western Retail Concern, the unusual stringency of the money market inducing many of the leading houses to submit propositions for SPOT CASH PURCHASES three to four months ahead of the regular season, giving us advantages as early buyers over any establishments in the country. Up to July 15 our investment in Clothing alone exceeded \$500,000. This enormous bulk of merchandise has been rolling in ever since, and we now own the largest, best selected and lowest-price stock of

### Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats

Carried by any house in the United States, and will commence the task of unloading to consumers on Monday morning. We guarantee that our prices and values can not be duplicated in the world outside of

**FALL AND WINTER SEASON OF 1884 AND 1885!**

**10,000 MEN'S AND YOUTHS' FALL AND WINTER SUITS!**

A solid acre of Clothing, containing every desirable style and fabric made and worn in this country, where the rich and poor may come alike and find garments suited to purse and taste.

QUANTITY UNLIMITED!

SUPPLY ENDLESS!

1,000 MEN'S AND YOUTHS' GRAY MELTON SACK SUITS, \$3 75.

1,800 Men's and Youths' Cassimere and Cheviot Sack Suits,	\$ 5 00
2,000 Men's and Youths' Extra Heavy Cheviot Sack Suits,	\$6 50 and 7 50
2,000 Men's and Youths' Extra Quality All-Wool Cheviot Suits,	8 50
40 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	10 00
50 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	12 50
80 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	15 00
20 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	16 50
25 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	18 50
65 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	20 00
42 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	25 00
20 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	30 00
18 Styles Men's and Youths' All-Wool Suits,	35 00

This Vast Array of Suits represents every fashionable and desirable style in demand in this country, from a substantial Workingman's Suit to the Nobby Business and Elegant Dress Suits, in any desired cut or make, from a Straight Front Sack to a Cutaway or Prince Albert.

## 6,000 OVERGARMENTS.

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' OVERCOATS, FROM \$2 TO \$75  
MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS, FROM \$1 TO \$25

Every style shown, from a Plain Sack to the Elegant Fur-Trimmed Garment on exhibition in our Exposition Display called the "CZAR."

MEN'S AND YOUTHS' Pants, 5,000 Pairs, From \$1 50 to \$8 50  
MEN'S AND YOUTHS' Coats and Vests, 2,000 Sets, From \$6 50 to \$25

In any of the above lines of goods we show ALL the latest and most approved styles.

## BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS!

AGES 4 TO 11 AND 12, WITH KNEE PANTS.

AGES 9 TO 12, WITH LONG PANTS--SPECIAL LINES.

300 Knee Pant Suits,	\$1 25
250 Knee Pant Suits,	1 50
225 Knee Pant Suits,	2 00
2,000 Boys' Knee Pant Suits, 20 styles, at	\$2 50, \$3 and 3 50
5,000 Boys' Knee Pant Suits, 100 styles, in Cheviots, Unions and All Wool Fabrics,	\$3 50, \$4, \$4 50 and 5 00
2,000 Extra Fine Knee Pant Suits, very stylish and elegantly made up,	\$6, \$6 50, \$7, \$7 50, \$8 50, \$9, \$10, \$12 50 and 15 00
4,000 pairs Boys' Knee Pants,	50 cents to 2 50
4,000 pairs Boys' Long Pants,	\$1 to 4 00
125 Substantial Suits at	\$2 00
165 Substantial Suits at	2 50
190 Substantial Suits at	3 00
220 Substantial Suits at	3 50
265 Substantial Suits at	4 00
2,500 Suits in all the Nobby and Stylish makes, over 150 styles,	\$5 up to 18 00
150 Good Suits at	\$2 50
200 Better Suits at	3 00
200 Extra Good Suits at	3 50
300 Extra Good Suits at	4 00
1,000 Suits in Cassimere, Cheviot, Worsteds, Corkscrews of Fine Woolens, the best in the market, over 80 styles,	\$5 to 22 50

It would be impossible in a newspaper advertisement to give a detailed description of the many lines of Boys' Suits and the great variety of different styles and fabrics carried by "FAMOUS." We can only state briefly that we are WESTERN LEADERS in any line of goods we handle, and while we invite the closest comparison from other dealers, defy the world at large to compete with us in low prices. Our CLOTHING DEPARTMENT occupies the entire second floor of "FAMOUS" building, and is the largest single sales-room devoted to this purpose in America or Europe.

## OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT.

## OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

## OUR FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

## OUR CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

## OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

## OUR CHINA DEPARTMENT.

## OUR TRAVELING SUPPLY DEPARTMENT.

All stocked to repletion with the most extensive and elegant lines of Fall and Winter Goods to be found in any city East or West. Strangers will find our Grand Exhibit on the First and Second Stories of the Exposition Building. Polite attendants in charge to give all desired information. A cordial invitation is extended to visit our Magnificent Business Headquarters.

## FAMOUS Shoe and Clothing Co.,

BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

Country Orders Filled with Promptness and Care.

## SCHOOL SUITS!

We're showing the Best-Made, Most Practical and Durable SCHOOL SUITS

FOR \$5.00

Ever offered for sale in this city A-T A-N-Y P-R-I-C-E. These Suits are cut in the correct shape and style, strongly put together at every point, fit nicely, and are positively wear-resisting.

Should you want a cheaper article, we have them, of course--GOOD ONES, TOO--

FOR \$3 50.

Liberal Mending Pieces go free with every Suit.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

The Boy's Clothiers, Broadway and Pine.

## The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.

1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.

Everything needed in House-keeping at lowest cash prices and sold on easy

### TIME PAYMENTS.

Ward's Lightning Washing Machine, THE BEST ON EARTH, sent FREE OF CHARGE to any one wishing to see its marvelous work. The best hotels and over 600 private families are now using them in this city. Price, including Wringer, \$16 00.

**SPRAGUE'S RESTAURANT AND DELICATESSEN.**  
716-718 NORTH BROADWAY.  
OPPOSITE Union Market.

## J. H. WEAR, BOGHER & CO.

WHOLESALE

## STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, White Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Gents' Furnishing Goods, & Notions. ELEGANT LINE OF CLOAKS VERY CHEAP.

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES STREETS.

## KIRKWOOD SEMINARY

Suburban School for Young Ladies.  
The twenty-fourth annual session opens September 2 in new and delightful building, with beautiful grounds. Prompt application is necessary to secure rooms. Host of home training for limited number. Collegiate, intermediate, and primary, music, languages and art departments; the latter includes oil, water colors, china painting, charcoal, crayon drawing, etc. For catalogue and particulars address MRS. ANNA SNEED CALKINS, Principal, Kirkwood, Mo.

## Grossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price \$1 a bottle.

## Wines for the Working Man.

California Hook.....25c per bottle, 5c per glass  
California Claret.....25c per bottle, 5c per glass  
Missouri Concord.....20c per bottle, 5c per glass  
We deal exclusively in native wines that are strictly pure, and are offered at prices within the reach of every one. We do not molest families in their homes for the sake of getting orders, but when you ask for our wines, we will send them to you.

**JOHN NICHOLSON & CO.,**  
Successors of J. H. Hager & Co.,  
409 Walnut Street, opp. Southern Hotel.

## G. F. VOGEL,

MANUFACTURER OF  
Platform Wagons, Carriages and Buggies,  
Trucks, State, Light and Heavy Spring Wagons. Everything on wheels made to order and repaired.  
S. W. Cor. Main and Spruce Sts., St. Louis.  
Repairing and repainting promptly attended to.

## ST. LOUIS PRIVATE LYING-IN HOSPITAL

AND  
CLINIC FOR FEMALE DISEASES.  
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated.  
1205 Chouteau Avenue.  
DR. H. NEWLAND.

## PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY.

CHESTER. 2nd year opens September 10. New buildings, superior equipment, thorough instruction. A MILITARY COLLEGE. Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Classics, English, Citizenship of the U. S. and the World, etc. 212 Clark st., or of COL. THOMAS H. HATT, President.

For information, apply to the Bank, or to the  
GLOBE FILES  
OFFICE  
No. 24 Locust

## WOMAN'S FRIEND.

(Trade Mark.)  
CLINE'S Improved STEAM WASHER.



1. It does its own work, thereby saving a large portion of the time usually taken in a family.  
2. It uses much less soap than is required by any other method.  
3. It cleans your clothes without rubbing and wearing them out the old way. It saves labor, wear and tear, and the annoyance of wash day. Every machine fully warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.  
4. It is truly a Life, Labor and Clothes saving machine.



### The Corrugated Cylinder

The Hiding Cover, the Patent in Use.  
The best and latest improvement in Steam Washers, which none others have but CLINE'S.  
It cleans your clothes without rubbing and wearing them out the old way. It saves labor, wear and tear, and the annoyance of wash day. Every machine fully warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

RETAIL PRICE, \$10.  
Liberal Discount to the Trade.

Office and Factory 1119 Olive St.  
CLINE & VALLEE, Mfrs.,  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Agents wanted in every county in the United States. For particulars address as above, and we will send you circulars with terms.  
If you cannot buy CLINE'S IMPROVED STEAM WASHER of your merchant or an agent, send \$10, by money order or draft, and it will be sent by express, all charges prepaid.

**VIGOR** For Men, Quick, easy, safe, and sure. Cures Aches, Pains, Rheumatism, etc.